🔅 AC magnetic field Hall system for low noise measurement

## **OVERVIEW**

HSR-25AC is a measurement system for carrier density, mobility and resistivity of semiconductor wafers and films. The main advantages of HSR-25AC are the AC magnetic field, and a unique high-sensitivity, low-noise electronics that make it possible to measure very low hall voltages. HSR-25AC can be used for metal films, TCO, organic and inorganic semiconductors, in various applications such as LEDs, solar cells and electronic devices. With this system, measurement of very high resistivity films is also possible.

## FEATURES

- AC applied magnetic field
- Unique electronics for measurement of very low signals
- Suited for high resistivity films as well as low resistivity films
- Bench-top and small-size



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

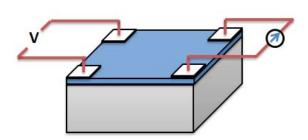
HSR Technical Specifications		
Model		HSR-25AC
Туре		AC
Maximum field intensity		1 T (peak to peak)
AC field frequency range		0.01-10 Hz
Minimum measurable Hall voltage		10 nV
Maximum surface resistance of sample		10 G <b>Ω</b>
Current Source		10 nA-1 A
Voltage measuring range	Hall unit	30 mV-1 V (8 steps)
	Four-point resistance unit	30 mV-1 V (8 steps)
Maximum compliance voltage		100 V
Sample size (max.)		20 mm × 20 mm
Standard module temperature		Room Temperature
Pole dimension		48 mm × 50 mm
Air gap at room temperature		10 mm
Input voltage		240-200 VAC, 60-50 Hz



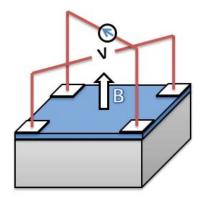
## HOW IT WORKS

Samples can be in the form of wafers or thin films. In the standard van der Pauw configuration, for a sample of typically 1 cm in size 4 point contacts at the corner are created. It is very important to make ohmic contacts. For the hall measurement, a magnetic field is applied perpendicular to the sample, a DC current is passed through the crossing contacts and the hall voltage is read across the two other contacts. For sheet resistance, the current passes through adjacent contacts and voltage is measured at two other contacts.

HSR-24AC automatically changes the magnetic field direction (through AC field), and measures 6 different input-output configurations to remove DC offsets and other sources of error, to calculates the right values of hall voltage and resistivity.



Surface Resistence Measurement



Voltage Measurement

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